Cell Collection description	E525K mutation introduced into the MYH7 gene. Additionally, mEGFP added into C terminus of ACTN2.
Parental cell line	Human iPSC clonal line in which ACTN2 has been endogenously tagged with mEGFP using CRISPR/Cas9. Parental hiPSC line (WTC/AICS-0 passage 33 at acquisition) derived from dermal fibroblasts reprogrammed using episomal vectors (OCT3/4, shp53, SOX2, KLF4, LMYC, and LIN28).
Relevant publications	Kreitzer et al (2013) Am. J. Stem Cells, 30; 2(2): 119-31 . PMID: 23862100; PMCID: PMC3708511
	Roberts et al (2019) Stem Cell Reports, 12(5): 1145-1158. doi: 10.1016/j.stemcr.2019.03.001
	Lee et al (2023) bioRxiv (preprint). doi: 10.1101/2023.06.08.54476
Number of passages at Coriell	0
Media	mTeSR1
Feeder or matrix substrate	Matrigel
Passage method	Accutase, single cell
Thaw	500K cells (per vial) in 10 cm plate - ready for passaging in 4-5 days

Test Description	Method	Specification	Results			
Clone Number	N/A	N/A	56	93	55	72
Transfection Replicate (A or B)	N/A	Clones were derived from separate replicated transfections. Comparisons between clones of different genotypes recommended from same replicate.	В	В	В	В
Clone PCR & Sanger	PCR and Sanger sequencing of MYH7 recombinant and wildtype alleles	Determine if predicted mutation occurred with no additional mutations present.	E525K / WT	E525K / WT	WT / WT	WT / WT
Passage of gene edited iPSC reported at submission	N/A	N/A	p48ª	p48ª	p48ª	p48 <sup>a</sup>
Seeding density	N/A	Recommended seeding densities in 10 cm plate every 4 days or every 3 days, consecutively (see culture protocol)	400K / 800K	450K / 800K	400K / 800K	400K / 800K
Post-Thaw Viable Cell Recovery	hiPSC culture on Matrigel	>50% confluency 4-5 days post-thaw (10cm plate)	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Mono-Clonality Confirmation	ddPCR assay	Verification of genomic copy number of WT and mutant alleles	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass

Trisomy 12 Test	ddPCR assay (Chr12:RPP30)	pass = trisomy 12 not detected in quantitative ddPCR assay.	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Karyotype	G-banding (30 cell analysis)	Normal karyotype, 46 XY	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Cardiac Differentation	Modified small molecule differentiation (see cardiac differentiation protocol)	Beating initiated (D7-D14) and Cardiac Troponin T expression (D11- D30) by flow cytometry	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Avg % cTnT+	Flow Cytometry	% cTnT+ cells compared to isotype control	76%	62%	58%	73%
Mycoplasma	qPCR (IDEXX)	Negative	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Sterility (bacterial, yeast and fungal testing	Direct inoculation and incubation for 10 days	No growth after 10 days	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
$egin{aligned} \mathbf{Viral\ Panel} \ \mathbf{Testing}^{\mathrm{b}} \end{aligned}$	PCR	Negative when assayed for CMV, EBV, HepB, HepC, HIV1, and HPV	Pass			
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Identity of} \\ \textbf{Unedited} \\ \textbf{WTC-11} \\ \textbf{parental line}^{\text{c}} \end{array}$	STR	29 allelic polymorphisms across 15 STR loci compared to donor fibroblasts	Identity matched			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> This is the number of passages beyond the original parental line (WTC/AICS-0 at passage 33).

BLUE = MUTANT CLONES; GREEN = WILDTYPE CLONES

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Viral panel testing was conducted for the parental WTC line prior to editing. Sterility (bacterial, fungal) and mycoplasma testing were conducted in both the parental and edited lines

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> STR tests were conducted for the WTC parental line prior to editing. WTC is the only cell line used by AICS. Edited WTC cells were not re-tested because they did not come into contact with any other cell lines.

<u>Tagging strategy</u>: CRISPR-Cas9 methodology was used to introduce a single base pair mutation to MYH7, and mEGFP at C-terminus of ACTN2 as shown below.

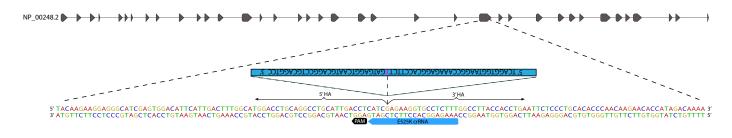




Figure 1: Top: MYH7 locus showing 1 MYH7 isoform; Bottom: Zoom in on mutation site at isoform  $NM\_000257.4(MYH7):c.1573G>A$  (p.Glu525Lys)

HDR Editing Design for MYH7				
crRNA Target Site	5' AAAGAGGCACCTTCTCGATG <mark>AGG</mark> 3'			
DNA Donor Sequence	5' TCAGGTGGTAAGGCCAAAGAGGCACCTTCT <b>T</b> GATGAGGTCAATGC AGGCCTGCAGGTCC 3'			
F primer for PCR/sequencing	5' GGACTGTGTGGTGACAGAGG 3'			
R primer for PCR/sequencing	5' GTGTGGGAGGTCATCATGCA 3'			

Red = PAM Site; Blue = Mutation

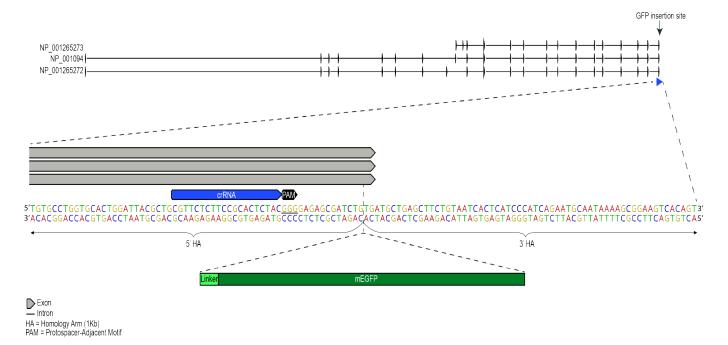


Figure 2: Top: ACTN2 locus showing 3 ACTN2 isoforms; Bottom: Zoom in on mEGFP insertion site at ACTN2 C-terminus.

<u>Post-thaw imaging</u>: One vial of distribution lot was thawed (cells were treated with ROCK inhibitor for 24hrs post-thaw refer to culture protocol). Cultures were observed daily. Colonies were imaged one and four days post-thaw<sup>1,2</sup> using a Leica microscope at 4x and 10x magnification. 1. clone 93 (E525K/wt) is shown here.

#### 1 REPRESENTATIVE IMAGE FOR ALL CLONES

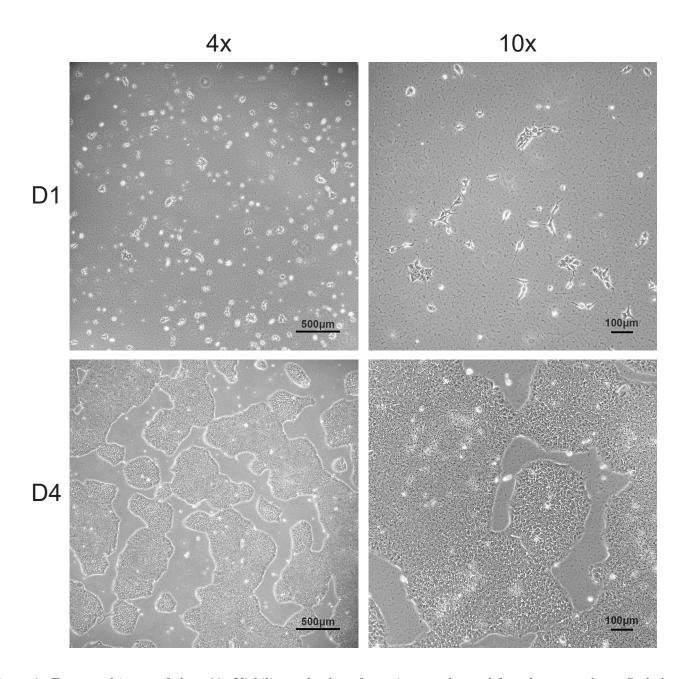


Figure 3: Four panel image of clone 93. Viability and colony formation one day and four days post-thaw. Scale bars are shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Cells may take up to 3 passages to recover after thaw

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ Morphologies observed post-thaw are representative of cell morphologies observed post-passage